AcmeAir: Lessons learned from a large-scale cloud deployment

Paul Vytas, Gary Zeng

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Introduction

A cloud infrastructure holds a lot of appeal for testing:

■ Quick access to a very large number of servers on short notice. Especially convenient for short-duration large-scale tests.

■ Self-service, don’t have to make requests to sys admin.

■ Avoids lengthy capital planning cycle

■ More efficient financially. Only pay for what you use.

But there are some limitations as well:

■ Shared environment - Less predictable performance (CPU, network, disk); can have unexpected outages.

■ Less flexibility - standardized templates for I/O, CPU, memory, disk, OS

■ New technology, components and tools are changing frequently.

■ Need to plan for and regularly verify usage to stay within your budget.
Acme Air application and benchmark
Acme Air Overview

This application shows an implementation of a fictitious airline called "Acme Air". The application was built with the some key business requirements:

- the ability to scale to billions of web API calls per day,
- the need to develop and deploy the application in public clouds (as opposed to dedicated pre-allocated infrastructure), and
- the need to support multiple channels for user interaction (with mobile enablement first and browser/Web 2.0 second).
Acme Air Functionality

- Web Channel: Classic Web 2.0 Interactions
- Mobile Channel: Classic Web 2.0 Interactions, Indirect Interaction (geospatial), Notifications, Web API
- Business Partners
- Baggage, Booking, Flight Status, Customer/Authentication
- Events: Airports, Customer Events, Flight Events
Large Scale Testing of Acme Air
Scale-out Topology

IBM SmartCloud Enterprise

JMeter (load gen)

Nginx

IBM Worklight

Nginx

WebSphere Liberty

WebSphere eXtreme Scale
Can you stand up to the mobile channel? Can you scale without bounds? • Performance? Operations?

Learn how to with Acme Air • Architecture, sample code, performance results, ops practices, and more
Best Practices and Lessons Learned
Automate some, Automation more, AUTOMATE EVERYTHING!

- Anything done by hand is a bug and won’t web scale. Logging on each server and running a script is OK when you only have a few servers, but completely impractical for 100’s of VMs.
- Anything that isn’t under a version control system (or on instance disk image) is a bug and will create chaos
Scale out in steps

- This strategy did work as expected. We initially started with a minimum configuration (1 load driver, 1 app server, 1 datastore) then once it was working moved to 2-2-2, 4-4-4, 16-16-16, etc.

- After each step we adjusted the configuration to make sure we could load up the app servers as evenly to 95% CPU utilization and looked for bottlenecks

- During 1-1-1 did many things manually, but at 4-4-4 realized we could not do everything by hand. started adding more automation. Added load balancer after 4-4-4

- Cannot foresee what automation needs to be done up-front.. We incrementally added extra automation as we scaled out.
Get to know your cloud provider

- Understand your cloud provider’s APIs
- Avoid surprises! Learn about maintenance windows, provisioning limitations, runtime performance, variability of performance
- may need to arrange agreement with provider for larger topologies
- may want get your VM's co-located if bandwidth is an issue.
- pitfalls of Public IP's for testing:
  - Scanners and attacks on your VMs can load them down and mess up testing results,
  - Likely will require additional effort setting up firewalls, etc.
  - Many cloud providers can arrange for a private subnet in cloud but this costs.
Assume that a VM can fail at any time

- With a large number of active VM’s, some failures are inevitable. This can be deployments that fail, VMs were not fully alive or die during a test run or an application that hangs.

- Failed VMs can be fixed by killing and re-creating but failures can ruin a test run. Suggest a sanity-test prior to starting a big test run.

- Monitoring is critical, but difficult when there are 100's of VMs. Tools are still evolving and we needed to create some custom automation.

- need to be able to detect imbalances, image not working as it should, VM mis-behaving

- need to track state of VMs.. some will take more time to come up.

- need to automate log collection and diagnostic/troubleshooting steps.. with 100’s of VMs we cannot do this by hand.

- ..
Have a strategy for doing updates

- Inevitably during the testing and scale-out process changes will be needed for configuration files and code.
- Discovered that re-generating VM images then restarting 100’s of VMs can take a long time. For small changes it was much faster to roll out application or configuration changes as needed to VMs. Of course this needs to be automated.
Know your costs and keep track of usage

- pay-as-you-go is convenient, and single VM’s are cheap (as low as 6 cents/hr per VM) but costs can add up fast. Make sure that your provider plan matches your goals and your budget.

- Provision for start of test, then deprovision at end of test.

- Shut down instances when not being used, reprovision stalled VMs.

- Use private IP’s when pushing load (public IP’s can cost you I/O charges)
Summary of Lessons Learned

- Automate some, Automation some more, AUTOMATE EVERYTHING!
- Scale out in steps
- Get to know your cloud provider
- Assume that a VM can fail at any time
- Have a strategy for doing updates
- Know your costs and keep track of usage
Acknowledgments & References
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– Andrew Spyker - Performance Architect and Strategist, Emerging Technology Institute
– Doug Tollefson - WebSphere Application Server Performance
– Gary Zeng - Software developer, WebSphere eXtreme Scale
– Jeffrey Garrat - Senior Software Engineer - WebSphere Technology Institute
– Yang Lei - Senior Software Engineer, Emerging Technology Institute
References

- Github for getting a copy of AcmeAir: https://github.com/acmeair/acmeair
- Github Wiki describing how to install and run the AcmeAir application: https://github.com/acmeair/acmeair/wiki
- Andrew Spyker’s blog on cloud issues and AcmeAir activities: http://ispyker.blogspot.ca/

Moss Uchida and Roland Gee are showing demos of AcmeAir in the CASCON Technology Showcase in booth L08